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d) adventitious roots

1. Angiosperms differ from gymnosperms in having
a) fruits
b) cotyledon
c) tracheids
d) broad leaves
2. If seed is defined as an ovule modified as a result of fertilization, one may expect to find seed in
a) all vascular plants
b) angiopsperm only
c) gymnosperm only
d) phanerogams
3. The branch of botany that deals with the form of the plant is known as
a) physiology
b) anatomy
c) morphology
d) cytology
4. The roots which develop from any portion of the plant except the radical are known as
a) tap roots
b) stilt roots
c) fibrous roots

5. The arrangement of leaves on branches
a) Phyllotaxy
b) vernation
c) venation
d) phytotaxy
6. Red root is another name of
a) beet root
b) sugar cane root
c) potato root
d) none of the above
7. Branches of stem are
a) exogenous in origin
b) endogenous in origin
c) partially endogenous and partially exogenous
d) superficial
8. Leaf less stem of onion which is produce to bear flowers is called
a) peduncle
b) rachis
c) floral axis
d) scap

9. Phyllode is nothing but a leaf modification meant for photosynthesis is an adaptation

a) xerophytic b) hydrophytic c) mesophytic d) thallophytic 10. Thick and woody climbers are called as a) suckers b) climbers

c) lianas

d) creepers