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**1.The overall heart size in tetralogy of Fallot is usually**

- a) Markedly enlarged
- b) Normal or relatively small
- c) Slightly enlarged
- d) Moderately enlarged.

Ans:b

**2.Diagnosis of aortic calcification is done by fluoroscopy by seeing**

- a) Side to side movement
- b) Up and down movement
- c) Combined movement
- d) None

Ans:a

**3.In Urinary tract tuberculosis, frequent finding on plain film of abdomen is**

- a) Mass
- b) Ileus
- c) Calcification
- d) Psoas abscess

Ans:c

**4.Pericardial calcification is caused by all except**

- a) Radiotherapy to the mediastinum
- b) Methysergide therapy
- c) Anticoagulant therapy
- d) Benign pericarditis
- e) Dermatomyositis

Ans:e

**5.Cystic dilation of collecting tubules are seen in**

- a) Adult polycystic kidney
- b) Medullary sponge kidney
- c) Horse shoe shaped kidney
- d) Nephroblastoma

Ans:b

**6.During angiocardiography the mitral valve is best visualized in the**

- a) Frontal view
- b) Lateral view
- c) Right anterior oblique view
- d) None of the above.

Ans:c

**7. The X-ray finding of small intestinal malabsorption syndrome are all except**

- a) Increased transit time
- b) mucosal atrophy
- c) Dilatation of bowel
- d) Flocculation of Barium

Ans:a

**8. Right side of mediastinal shadow is not formed by**

- a) SVC
- b) right innominate

- c)RA
- d)RV

Ans:d

**9. Best mode of imaging for suspected uric acid calculi is**

- a) Plain film of abdomen
- b) Ultrasonography
- c) Intravenous pyelography
- d) Radionuclides.

Ans:c

**10. Solitary nodule lung cannot be**

- a) Tuberculoma
- b) Neurofibroma
- c) Bronchogenic carcinoma
- d) Lymphoma

Ans:d