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1. What does the abbreviation DBMS stand for?

- A. Digital Base Mapping System.
- B. Data Borrowing and Movement Software.
- C. Database Management System.
- D. Database Manipulation Software.

Ans: C

2. The advantages of Standard Query Language (SQL) include which of the following in relation to GIS databases?

- A. It is good at handling geographical concepts.
- B. It is widely used.
- C. It is simple and easy to understand.
- D. It uses a pseudo-English style of questioning.

Ans: A

3. Which of the following are characteristics of an RDBMS?

- A. Keys may be unique or have multiple occurrences in the database.
 - B. It cannot use SQL.
 - C. Queries are possible on individual or groups of tables.
- D. Tables are linked by common data known as keys.
- E. Data are organized in a series of two-dimensional tables each of which contains records for one entity.

Ans: D

4. What is a 'tuple'?

- A. A row or record in a database table.
 - B. Another name for the key linking different tables in a database.
 - C. An attribute attached to a record.
 - D. Another name for a table in an RDBMS.

Ans: A

5. Which of the following are issues to be considered by users of large corporate GIS databases?

- A. The need for multiple copies of the same data and subsequent merging after separate updates.
 - B. The need to manage long transactions.
 - C. The need for manual transfer of records to paper.
 - D. The need for multiple views or different windows into the same databases.
 - E. The need for concurrent access and multi-user update.

Ans: D

6. Which of the following are features of the object-oriented approach to databases?

- A. The need to split objects into their component parts.
- B. The ability to represent the world in a non-geometric way.
- C. The ability to develop more realistic models of the real world.
- D. The ability to develop databases using natural language approaches.
- E. The ability to develop database models based on location rather than state and behaviour.

Ans: C

| 7. Redundancy is minimised with a computer based database approach. |
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| A. True |
| B. False |
| Ans: A |
| 8. The relational database model is based on concepts proposed in the 1960s and 1970s. |
| A. True |
| B. False |
| Ans: A |
| 9. A row in a database can also be called a domain. |
| A. True |
| B. False |
| Ans: B |
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| 10. A first step in database creation should be needs analysis. |
| A. True |
| B. False |
| Ans: A |
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