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1. A conjunction is a word which merely joins together sentences and words.

- a) True
- b) False

View Answer

Answer: a

Explanation: The statement is true. A conjunction is a word which merely joins together sentences and words. They are also known as sentence connectives.

2. Coordinating clauses are clauses of _____ rank.

- a) equal
- b) unequal
- c) different
- d) varied

View Answer

Answer: a

Explanation: Conjunctions can broadly be classified into two types. They are: Co-ordinating conjunctions and subordinating conjunctions. Coordinating clauses are clauses of equal rank.

3. Which of these is not a coordinating conjunction?

- a) Cumulative
- b) Adversative
- c) Possessive
- d) Alternative

View Answer

Answer: c

Explanation: Co-ordinating conjunctions can be classified into four types. They are: Cumulative, adversative, alternative and illative.

4. Which of these is not a type of subordinating conjunction?

- a) Result
- b) Time
- c) Cause
- d) Age

View Answer

Answer: d

Explanation: Subordinating conjunctions can be classified into seven types. They are: time, cause, purpose, result, condition, concession and comparison.

5. Which of these words is not an example of subordinating conjunction related to time?

- a) Before
- b) Till
- c) Because
- d) Since

View Answer

Answer: c

Explanation: Subordinating conjunctions which are related to time are indicated by words like **before, till, since**. For example, "She reached here after he had left." 'Because' is a conjunction related to reasoning. It joins two clauses wherein one clause states something and the other clause provides reason to support the first clause.

6. Choose the correct statement:

- a) He wants to win. But he doesn't have the skills to do so.
- b) He wants to win, but he doesn't have the skills to do so.
- c) He wants to win and he doesn't have the skills to do so.
- d) He wants to win as he doesn't have the skills to do so.

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: The correct statement is: He wants to win, but he doesn't have the skills to do so. We don't place the coordinating conjunctions and, or and but at the beginning of the sentence.

7. Choose the correct statement:

- a) Either the action was just or unjust.
- b) The action was either just or unjust.
- c) The action was just or unjust.
- d) The action was just or the action was unjust.

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: The correct statement is: The action was either just or unjust. In correlative conjunctions, each member of the pair should be placed before the same part of the speech.

8. Fill in the blank :

The man was looking for a _____ girl.

- a) smart and beautiful
- b) smart beautiful
- c) smart or beautiful
- d) smart but beautiful

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: The correct statement is: The man was looking for a smart beautiful girl. Two adjectives used before a noun are linked with and only if they belong to the same class.

9. Choose the correct statement:

- a) These men are poor hence they are weak.
- b) These men are poor and so they are weak.
- c) These men are poor because they are weak.
- d) These men are poor since they are weak.

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: The correct statement is: These men are poor and so they are weak. Hence is an adverb, not a conjunction. It can't be used to link clauses.

10. Fill in the blank:

My son, _____ is only ten, has started playing rugby.

a) which

b) that

c) who

d) whom

[View Answer](#)

Answer: c

Explanation: The correct statement is: son, who is only ten, has started playing rugby. A relative clause which tells us which person the speaker is talking about can begin with who or what, but if a relative clause simply adds a comment, it can't begin with that.