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1. Coulomb is the unit of which quantity?

- a) Field strength
- b) Charge
- c) Permittivity
- d) Force

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: The standard unit of charge is Coulomb. One coulomb is defined as the 1 Newton of force applied on 1 unit of electric field.

2. Coulomb law is employed in

- a) Electrostatics
- b) Magnetostatics
- c) Electromagnetics
- d) Maxwell theory

View Answer

Answer: a

Explanation: Coulomb law is applied to static charges. It states that force between any two point charges is proportional to the product of the charges and inversely proportional to square of the distance between them. Thus it is employed in electrostatics.

3. Find the force between 2C and -1C separated by a distance 1m in air(in newton).

- a) 18×10^6
- b) -18×10^6
- c) 18×10^{-6}
- d) -18×10^{-6}

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: $F = \frac{q_1 q_2}{4\pi \epsilon_0 r^2} = \frac{-2 \times 9}{(10^{-9} \times 12)} = -18 \times 10^9$.

4. Two charges 1C and -4C exists in air. What is the direction of force?

- a) Away from 1C
- b) Away from -4C
- c) From 1C to -4C
- d) From -4C to 1C

View Answer

Answer: c

Explanation: Since the charges are unlike, the force will be attractive. Thus the force directs from 1C to -4C.

5. Find the force of interaction between 60 stat coulomb and 37.5 stat coulomb spaced 7.5cm apart in transformer oil($\epsilon_r=2.2$) in 10^{-4} N,

- a) 8.15
- b) 5.18

c) 1.518

d) 1.815

View Answer

Answer: d

Explanation: 1 stat coulomb = $1/(3 \times 10^9)$ C

$$F = (1.998 \times 1.2488 \times 10^{-16}) / (4\pi \times 8.854 \times 10^{-12} \times 2.2 \times (7.5 \times 10^{-2})^2) = 1.815 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N.}$$

6. Find the force between two charges when they are brought in contact and separated by 4cm apart, charges are 2nC and -1nC, in μN .

a) 1.44

b) 2.44

c) 1.404

d) 2.404

View Answer

Answer: c

Explanation: Before the charges are brought into contact, $F = 11.234 \mu\text{N}$.

After charges are brought into contact and then separated, charge on each sphere is, $(q_1 + q_2)/2 = 0.5\text{nC}$

On calculating the force with $q_1 = q_2 = 0.5\text{nC}$, $F = 1.404\mu\text{N}$.

7. The Coulomb law is an implication of which law?

a) Ampere law

b) Gauss law

c) Biot Savart law

d) Lenz law

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: The Coulomb law can be formulated from the Gauss law, using the divergence theorem. Thus it is an implication of Gauss law.

8. Two small diameter 10gm dielectric balls can slide freely on a vertical channel. Each carry a negative charge of $1\mu\text{C}$. Find the separation between the balls if the lower ball is restrained from moving.

a) 0.5

b) 0.4

c) 0.3

d) 0.2

View Answer

Answer: c

Explanation: $F = mg = 10 \times 10^{-3} \times 9.81 = 9.81 \times 10^{-2} \text{ N}$.

On calculating r by substituting charges, we get $r = 0.3\text{m}$.

9. A charge of $2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$ is acted upon by a force of 0.1N. Determine the distance to the other charge of $4.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$, both the charges are in vacuum.

a) 0.03

b) 0.05

c) 0.07

d) 0.09

View Answer

Answer: d

Explanation: $F = q_1q_2/(4\pi\epsilon_0r^2)$, substituting q_1 , q_2 and F , $r^2 = q_1q_2/(4\pi\epsilon_0F) =$
We get $r = 0.09\text{m}$.

10. For a charge Q_1 , the effect of charge Q_2 on Q_1 will be,

a) $F_1 = F_2$

b) $F_1 = -F_2$

c) $F_1 = F_2 = 0$

d) F_1 and F_2 are not equal

View Answer

Answer: b

Explanation: The force of two charges with respect with each other is given by F_1 and F_2 .
Thus $F_1 + F_2 = 0$ and $F_1 = -F_2$.