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Q1. A differential amplifier

- 1. is a part of an Op-amp
- 2. has one input and one output
- 3. has two outputs
- 4. answers (1) and (2)

Answer: 4

Q 2. When a differential amplifier is operated single-ended,

- 1. the output is grounded
- 2. one input is grounded and signal is applied to the other
- 3. both inputs are connected together
- 4. the output is not inverted

Answer: 2

Q3. In differential-mode,

- 1. opposite polarity signals are applied to the inputs
- 2. the gain is one
- 3. the outputs are of different amplitudes
- 4. only one supply voltage is used

Answer:1

Q4. In the common mode,

- 1. both inputs are grounded
- 2. the outputs are connected together
- 3. an identical signal appears on both the inputs
- 4. the output signal are in-phase

Answer: 3

Q5. The common-mode gain is

- 1. very high
- 2. very low
- 3. always unity
- 4. unpredictable

Answer: 2

Q6. The differential gain is

1. very high

- 2. very low
- 3. dependent on input voltage
- 4. about 100

Answer:1

Q7. If $A_{DM} = 3500$ and $A_{CM} = 0.35$, the CMRR is

- 1. 1225
- 2. 10,000
- 3. 80 dB
- 4. answers (1) and (3)

Answer: 4

Q8. With zero volts on both inputs, an OP-amp ideally should have an output

- 1. equal to the positive supply voltage
- 2. equal to the negative supply voltage
- 3. equal to zero
- 4. equal to CMRR

Answer: 3

Q9. Of the values listed, the most realistic value for open-loop voltage gain of an OPamp is

- 1. 1
- 2. 2000
- 3. 80 dB
- 4. 100,000

Answer: 4

Q10. A certain OP-amp has bias currents of 50 µA. The input offset current is

- 1. 700 nA
- 2. 99.3 μA
- 3. 49.7 µA
- 4. none of these

Answer:1