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1. The statement which correctly represents Ohm's law:	
1. V	= IR
2. V	= R/I
3. R	= VI
1 I -	- D /V

 $\circ$  Correct answer: 1. V = IR

2. A 10 ohms resistor is powered by a 5-V battery. The current flowing through the source is:

```
1. 10 A
2. 50 A
3. 2 A
4. 0.5 A
○ Correct answer: 4. 2 A
○ Solution: From I = V/R = 5-V/10 ohm = 0.5 A
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3. If V = 50 V and I = 5 A, then  $R = ___:$ 

```
50 Ω
5 Ω
10 Ω
2 Ω
Correct answer: 3. 10 Ω
Solution: From R = V/I = 50 V/ 5A = 10 Ω
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4. If P = 50 watt and R = 2 ohms, then  $I = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ?

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50 A
5 A
10 A
2 A
Correct answer: 3. 5 A
Solution: From I = √(P/R) = √(50 V/2A) = √25 A = 5 A
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5. Unit of voltage is:

1. Volt

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Watt
Coulomb
Ampere

        Correct answer: 1. Volt
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6. Unit of current is:

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Volt
Watt
Coulomb
```

- 4. Ampere
  - 1. Correct answer: 4. Ampere
- 7. Unit of power is:
  - 1. Volt
  - 2. Watt
  - 3. Coulomb
  - 4. Ampere
    - 1. Correct answer: 2. Watt
- 8. Unit of resistance is:
  - 1. Volt
  - 2. Watt
  - 3. Ohms
  - 4. Ampere
    - o Correct answer: 3. Ohms
- 9. If V = 10 V and R = 15 kΩ, then I = \_\_\_\_?
  - 1. 0.666 mA
  - 2. 666 μΑ
  - 3. 0.66 A
  - 4. a & b
    - o Correct answer: 4. a & b
    - Solution: Here  $I = V/R = 10 \text{ V} / 15 \text{ k}\Omega = 0.666 \text{ mA} = 666 \text{ μA}$
- 10. If I = 5 A and R = 10 Ω, then P = \_\_\_\_?
  - 1. 50 watts
  - 2. 250 watts
  - 3. 350 watts
  - 4. 500 watts
    - o Correct answer: 2. 250 watt
    - o Solution: Here  $P = I2R = (5 \text{ A})2 * 10 \Omega = 250 \text{ watts}$