NTA UGC NET COMMERCE

Previous Years' Solved Papers

June 2012 to July 2018

Paper II & Paper III

BY GKSERIES

- 1. July 2018
- i. Paper II
- 2. Nov 2017
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- 3. January 2017
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- 4. July 2016 (28-08-2016)
 - i. Paper II
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- 5. July 2016 (10-07-2016)
 - i. Paper II
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- 6. December 2015
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- 11. September 2013 (re-conducted on 08-09-2013)
 - i. Paper II
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- 13. December 2012
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- 14. June 2012
- i. Paper II
- ii. Paper III

COMMERCE (July 2018) PAPER - II

Note: This paper contains hundred (100) objective type questions of two (2) marks each. All questions are compulsory.

- 1. The central bank can significantly influence the savings, investments and consumer spending in the economy through which of the following policy?
 - (1) Fiscal Policy

(2) Monetary Policy

(3) Industrial Policy

- (4) Foreign Exchange Policy
- 2. Which one of the following is not the characteristic of capitalism?
 - (1) Individuals and associations behave with economic motive of maximising their profit with least sacrifice or cost.
 - (2) The country's major means of production are either owned by the Government or their use is controlled by the Government.
 - (3) Producers, consumers and employees compete among themselves, as the resources and opportunities are limited.
 - (4) Price, the invisible hand, plays a predominant role in the flow of the factors of production and consumption.
- 3. Which of the following is not the salient feature of the industrial policy developments since 1991?
 - (1) The scope of the private sector has been enormously expanded.
 - (2) Public sector has been withdrawing partially or fully from several of the enterprises by divestment.
 - (3) The Indian industry is increasingly exposed to foreign competition.
 - (4) Monopoly or dominant position for the public sector in most of the industries and control of the commanding heights of the economy by the public sector.
- 4. Which of the following does not form the part of the important information to be incorporated in the Memorandum of Association as specified in the Companies Act, 2013?
 - (1) The name of the company and the state in which it is situated.
 - (2) The objects for which the company is proposed to be incorporated.
 - (3) The rules, regulations and bye-laws for the internal management of the company.
 - (4) The liability of the members of the company, whether limited or unlimited.

- 5. Assertion (A): The volume of imports tends to be very high when there is a conjecture of high rate of economic growth and a sharp fall in the relative price of imports and vice versa.
 - Reason (R): High rate of growth, ceteris paribus, is associated with rise in imports and increase in the imports, ceteris paribus, is associated with a fall in the relative price of imports.

Code:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the right explanation of (A).
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the right explanation of (A).
- (3) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct.
- (4) (R) is correct but (A) is not correct.
- 6. Which of the following statements is not correct relating to consumerism?
 - (1) Consumerism is a manifestation of the failure of the business to guarantee and ensure consumer legitimate rights.
 - (2) The government does not have any role in consumer protection as it is the part of business organisations alone.
 - (3) The consumers should accept consumerism as a means of asserting and enjoying their rights.
 - (4) Consumerism evolution is not a set-back for marketing but rather points to the next stage in the evolution of enlightened marketing.
- 7. Which one of the following is not covered in the approach adopted by "Niti Aayog"?
 - (1) Five year planning approach
- (2) Three year action agenda

(3) Seven year strategy

- (4) Fifteen year vision
- 8. Assertion (A): Personal transactions of the owners of the business are not recorded in the books.

Reasoning (R): According to the business entity concept, each business enterprise is considered as an accounting unit separate from owners.

Code:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (3) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct.
- (4) (A) is wrong but (R) is correct.
- 9. Which one of the following is not an example of 'financing activities' with reference to cash flow statement?
 - (1) Repayment of bank loan
 - (2) Interest on debentures/Dividend paid
 - (3) Cash proceeds from public deposits
 - (4) Sale of fixed assets