2000 INDIAN HISTORY MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

IMPORTANT FOR SSC UPSC RAILWAY STATEPSC EXAMS

BY GKSERIES EXPERTS



- 1. The main Characteristic of the Indus Valley Civilization was
 - a. Pucca houses
 - b. Drainage system
 - c. Town Planning
 - d. Well laid out roads
- 2. The main occupation of the people of the Indus Valley civilization was
 - a. Cattle rearing
 - b. Trade
 - c. Hunting
 - d. Agriculture
- 3. Which one of the following archaeologists initially discovered the Mohenjodaro site of the Indus Valley Civilization?
 - a. Rakhal Das Banerji
 - b. Sir Martimer Wheeler
 - c. Sir John Marshall
 - d. Daya Ram Sahni
- 4. Which one of the following was not an Indus Valley Civilization site?
 - a. Sukatagendor
 - b. Patliputra
 - c. Lothal
 - d. Rangpur
- 5. Which one of the following elements of Hinduism were practised in the Indus Valley Civilization?
 - a. Worshipping cows
 - b. Cult of Shiva
 - c. Idol worship
 - d. Wearing of sacred threads
- 6. Which of the following metals was not known to Indus Valley people?
 - a. Bronze
 - b. None of these
 - c. Iron
 - d. Copper
- 7. Nomad man started settling in
 - a. Palaeolithic Age



- c. Nurjahan Begam
- d. Jahanara Begam
- 655. The first major work in the development of Marathi literature, was done by
 - a. Sant Dhyaneshwar
 - b. Sant Namdev
 - c. Yogi Mukundraj
 - d. Sant Ramdas
- 656. Who among the following literary figures of the Gupta Age is given the title of Indian Shakespeare?
 - a. Bharavi
 - b. Kalidasa
 - c. Harisena
 - d. Vishakhadatta
- 657. In which of the following inscriptions is Ashoka mentioned by name?
 - a. Bairat inscription
 - b. None of these
 - c. Major Rock Edict at Girnar
 - d. Lamghan inscription
- 658. Kadambari was written by
 - a. Harsha
 - b. Bana
 - c. Kalidasa
 - d. Kautilya
- 659. The famous poet in the court of Alauddin Khilji was
 - a. Barauni
 - b. Sadi
 - c. Badre Chach
 - d. Amir Khusrau
- 660. Sangam literature is
 - a. Early Tamil literature attributed to the first three centuries of the Christian era.
 - b. Sanskrit works of Puranic nature dealing with the sanctity of the place where there is confluence of rivers in Prayaga.
 - c. Classical Sanskrit literature patronised by the Guptas.



1994. The first newspaper in India was

- A) Sambad Kaumudi
- B) The Bengal Gazette
- C) Merawl Akhbar
- D) The Pioneer

1995. The epithet 'Grand Old Man of India' was given to

- A) Madan Mohan Malaviya
- B) Dadabhai Naoroji
- C) M.G. Ranade
- D) Keshab Chandra Sen

1996. Morley-Minto Reforms was introduced in

- A) 1919
- B) 1909
- C) 1907
- D) 1908

1997. The book, India Wins Freedom is authored by

- A) B.G. Tilak
- B) G.K. Gokhale
- C) A. K. Azad
- D) M. Nehru

1998. Which among the following pairs are correctly matched?

	Name	Year
(i)	Lord William Bentinck	1828-1835
(ii)	Lord Amherst	1823-1828
(iii)	Lord Hardinge	1844-1848
(A)	(i) and (iii)	
(B)	(ii) and (iii)	
(C)	(i) and (ii)	
(D)	(i), (ii) and (iii)	

1999. Who among the following Nawabs transferred his capital from Murshidabad to Munger?

- A) Mir Jafar
- B) Mir Qasim
- C) Nijzam-ud-daulah
- D) Siraj-ud-daulah

2000. The tax collected by the Marathas was known as

A) Chauth



- B) Jagir
- C) Sardeshmukhi
- D) None of the above

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